

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Patent and Trademark Office
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SERIAL NUMBER FILING DATE FIRST NAMED APPLICANT ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 05/23/95 EKINS 08/447,820

18M1/1210 DANN DORFMAN HERRELL AND SKILLMAN **SUITE 720** 1601 MARKET STREET PHILADELPHIA PA 19103-2307

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WOODWARD, M				
ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
1815	11			
DATE MAILED:	12/10/97			

Below is a communication from the EXAMINER in charge of this application COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS

## ADVISORY ACTION

	ADVIOUTI AC		
THE PERIOD FOR RESPONSE:			
a) is extended to run	or continues to run 3	Mo,	from the date of the final rejection
			te of this Advisory Action, whichever is later. In no nonths from the date of the final rejection.
The date on which the response, to purposes of determining the period	he petition, and the fee have be d of extension and the correspon	een filed is th nding amoun	S(a), the proposed response and the appropriate fee. the date of the response and also the date for the story of the fee. Any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR wind for response or as set forth in b) above.
Appellant's Brief is due in accordance	with 37 CFR 1.192(a).		
Applicant's response to the final reject to place the application in condition for	ion, filed 11/28/97 har allowance:	as been cons	sidered with the following effect, but it is not deemed
1. The proposed amendments to the	claim and /or specification will n	ot be entered	d and the final rejection stands because:
a. There is no convincing show presented.	ring under 37 CFR 1.116(b) why	the propose	d amendment is necessary and was not earlier
b. They raise new issues that w	vould require further consideration	on and/or sea	arch. (See Note).
c. They raise the issue of new	matter. (See Note).		
d. They are not deemed to pla appeal.	ace the application in better form	for appeal b	by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for
e. They present additional clai	ms without cancelling a correspo	onding numb	er of finally rejected claims.
NOTE: THE AM COUST IT UT	ENDMENT 73 95 NGW MA	THE HUR.	5 SPECIFICATION
Newly proposed or amended claim the non-allowable claims.	ns would be	e allowed if s	submitted in a separately filed amendment cancelling
Upon the filing an appeal, the prop be as follows:	posed amendment 🔲 will be en	ntered	ill not be entered and the status of the claims will
Claims allowed:		<del></del>	
Claims objected to:			
However;			
Applicant's response has over	rcome the following rejection(s):		
4. The affidavit, exhibit or request to	reconsideration has been cons	idered but do	pes not overcome the rejection because565
The affidavit or exhibit will not be c presented.  5.   The affidavit or exhibit will not be concerned.	onsidered because applicant ha	s not shown	good and sufficent reasons why it was not earlier
The proposed drawing correction	has  has not been approve	ed by the exa	miner.
Other	•	•	
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The Berger Declaration under 37 CFR 1.132 filed November 28, 1997 is insufficient to overcome the rejection of the claims based upon Ekins and Chen et al. as set forth in the last Office action because:

At paragraph 3 Berger states:

We were already aware of his work at that time, but were quite skeptical as to whether it would be applicable to the development of sensitive assays, since the notion of reducing the amount of binding agent in relation to the analyte to detect the analyte runs counter to the accepted concept that large amounts of binding agent are required to achieve high levels of analyte binding to gain maximum sensitivity.

It is unclear, how, when confronted with a set of binding equations which clearly demonstrate the correctness of Ekin's hypothesis could fail to recognize that the prevalent concept in the art needed adjustment. Moreover, given the Ekins results it is unclear how one of ordinary skill in the art could cling to the concept. Having demonstrated his concept Ekins made it available to those of ordinary skill in the art. Given the equations of Ekins one would proceed to optimize the assay as one saw fit.

At paragraph 5 Berger speaks to what artisans were doing but not what they would have done following a reading of Ekins. That the art continued along a particular pathway despite the teachings of Ekins does not render his teachings unobvious nor does it preclude extending them.

Berger repeatedly states that he believes, but he fails to demonstrate how given the Ekins results and equations such a belief has a logical basis.

It is clear either from the teachings of Ekins or from first principles that one should monitor the amount of binding agent present in the assay so as to most accurately determine the amount of analyte present in a sample. The issue is how

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one is to make such a measurement.

Clearly, labelling the capture reagent provides a means for determining the amount of capture reagent present.

In paragraph 7 while attempting to dismiss Chen et al. Berger states:

In practice, a fluorescent tag on the antibody and a fluorescent tag on the back-titration agent are detected quantitatively while they are bound to each other, using the same fluorimeter, and the quantity of ligand present in an unknown sample is determined as a function of the ratio of the quantitative measurements of the two stages.

This statement of what was known should be compared with the instant specification at page 11, lines 7-23.

Later in paragraph 7 Berger attempts to repudiate the combination of Chen et al. with Ekins by asserting that affixation of the correct amount of binding agent to a test surface during manufacture is unimportant in the instant assay because the instant assay is independent of the amount of binding agent is illogical and contradictory. In order to employ the Ekins assay one must know the amount of binding agent present.

Finally, it is unclear that Berger is an objective witness given his statements in paragraph 4 regarding the financial investments made by Boerhinger Mannheim.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MP Woodward whose telephone number is (703) 308-3890. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:30 AM to 5:00 PM. In the event that the examiner does not personally answer the telephone his voice mail will provide the necessary instructions.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Marian Knode, can be reached on (703) 308-4311.

Currently a plurality of official and unofficial fax lines are available. However, changes in fax location occur with frequency. Please contact the examiner to obtain the currently operative fax numbers.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

MICHAEL P. WOODWARD PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 1800

December 9, 1997